Course Code: MED2PC003

Perspective Course **M.Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME** Semester - II **EMERGING TRENDS IN EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY** (4 credits-120 hours)

Æ **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

On successful completion of the course, the teacher educand will be able to

- 1. understand the concept and scope of advanced educational technology in the emerging educational scenario
- 2. understand the role of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in learning.
- 3. apply ICT tools, software applications and digital resources in day to day teaching learning situations
- 4. familiarize the ICT initiatives of Government of India
- 5. analyze the role of ICT in educational administration and management practice safe and ethical usage of ICT

Unit- I: INTRODUCTION TO EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Identifies and	1.1 Educational	• Seminar	Observation
recognizes the	Technology : Concept,	withvisual	 Assignment
scopeof	scope and approaches	presentation	• Report of
educational	1.1.1.Hardware,	• Online	discussion
technology	Software and	Assignment	• Tests(oral &
2. Differentiates	Systems approach	• Lecture	written)
information,	1.2 Recent innovations	Peer learning	• Report of
Instructional	in the area of	Hands on	seminar
and educational	Educational	experience	
technologies	Technology:		
3. Identifies the	Iinteractive video –		
components of	Hypertext.		
Educational	1.3Technology-Enabled		
technology	Learning (TEL)-		
4. Explains the	Benefits		
historical	1.4 Major institutions		
development of	ofeducational		
Educational	Technology in India		
technology.	1.4.1 CIET, AVRC,		
5. Identifies recent	EMRC,MCRC and		
innovative area of	SIET		
educational	1.4.2 Consortium for		
technology and	Educational		
majorinstitutions of educational	Communication		
	(CEC)		
technology in	1.4.3. Centre for		
India.	Development of		
6. Recognizes the	AdvancedComputing		
role of major institutions of	(C-DAC)		
educational	1.4.4 National Institute of		
	Electronics and		
technology in education	Information		
cuucation	Technology		
	(NIELIT)		

Unit-II: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY IN

EDUCATION

	rning come	Content		Suggested Strategiesand Approaches		Assessment
learni E-lear 2. Discu advar disad of or E-lea 3. Differ Type E-Lea 4. Discu advar disad f M-1 Blend and F learni 5. Ident based objec 6. Defir Mear Natur Scop Artifi Intell 7. Discu vario	asses the ntages and lyantages aline and arning rentiates the sof arning asses the ntages and lyantageso earning dedlearning dedlearning flipped ang ifies Web- d learning ets nes the ning, re and eof icial igence asses the us Open ational urces	 2.1 ICT in Education: Meaning and Importance, advantages and disadvantages of: 2.1.1 Online learning 2.1.2E- Learning: 2.1.3M- Learning: 2.2 Web-based learning, Simulations and Tutorials. 2.3 Blended learning and Flipped learning- meaning and importance 2.4 Artificial Intelligence – Definition, Nature and Scope 2.4.1 Artificial Intelligence in Education 2.4.2 Application of Artificial Intelligence in education 2.4.3 Benefits of Artificial Intelligence for students 2.5 Open Educational Resources (OER) meaning and importance 	• • • • • • •	Seminar Assignment Lecture Seminar with visual presentation Lecture Peer learning Hands on experience	•	Observation Assignment Report of discussion Tests (oral & written) Report of seminar

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		Strategiesand Approaches	
 Identifies online resources, tools andapplication Recognizes the uses of online resources and blogs Recognizes the virtuallearning environment and online platforms for learning Recognizes the Variousfree and opens sources educational software's Identifies MOOCS as a pace for continuous learning Identifieshardware for teaching and learning Adopts uses of NPTEL for professional development Recognizes the Virtual learning Environment 	 3.10nlineGames, Educational games 3.1.1 Online dictionaries and Encyclopedia 3.2.Blogs and Blogging Resources. 3.3EducationalVideos, Lectures, Podcasts. 3.4Social Networking AndInteractive White Boardresources 3.5Vikaspedia, Prashikshak 3.6 AmritaVirtual Interactivee-Learning World (AVIEW) 3.6 Free and OpenSource Software in Education(FOSSEE) 3.7 MOOCS as a pace forcontinuous learning. 3.8 National Programme on TechnologyEnhanced Learning(NPTEL), 3.9 Khan AcademyCourse MIT OpenCourseWare. 3.10 Virtual learning Environment Virtuallaboratory. 	 Seminar Assignment Lecture Seminar withvisual presentation Lecture Peer learning Hands on Experience 	 Observation Assignment Report of discussion Tests (oral & written) Report of seminar

Unit-III: ICT RESOURCES FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		Strategiesand	
		Approaches	
1. Recognizes	4.1 National Knowledge	• Seminar	• Seminar
the ICT	Network.	 Assignment 	 Assignment
initiatives of	4.1.1 Study Webs of	• Lecture	• Lecture
Government	Active-Learning for	• Seminar with	• Seminar with
of India	Young Aspiring	 visual 	• visual
2.Utilizes the ICT	Minds(SWAYAM)	presentation	presentation
initiatives of	4.1.2 National Mission on	• Lecture	• Lecture
Governmentof	Education	• Peer learning	• Peer learning
India as a	through Information and	Hands on	• Hands on
resourcefor	Communication	experience	experience
teaching and	Technology	_	_
learning	(NMEICT)		
	4.1.3 National Digital		
	Library (NDL)		
	4.1.4 National Repository of		
	Open Educational		
	Resources (NROER)		
	4.1.5 National		
	Programmeon School		
	Standards		
	and Evaluation		
	(NPSSE)-		
	4.2 ShaalaSidhdhi, Saransh,		
	E-Pathshala, Online		
	Labs(OLabs),		
	e-BASTA		
	4.3 Geographic		
	InformationSystem		
	(GIS)in schools,		
	4.4 SwayamPrabha,-kalpa,		
	NationalTeachers' Portal		

Unit-IV: ICT INITIATIVES OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Learning Outcome	Content		Suggested Strategiesand		Assessment
Outcome		, K	Approaches		
1. Discuss the	5.1 ICT for Evaluation:	•	Seminar	•	Observation
meaning, scope and	meaning, scope and	•	Assignment	•	Assignment
techniques of ICT	techniques	•	Lecture	•	Report of
for evaluation	5.2Software tools for	•	Seminar with		discussion
2. Identifies the	Evaluation:	•	visual	•	Tests (oral &
Software tools for	Constructing tests,		presentation		written)
evaluation	Quiz and Assessment	•	Lecture	•	Report of
3. Constructs test	rubrics	•	Peer learning	•	seminar
and quizzes using	5.3Techniques of online	•	Hands on		
softwares	assessment		experience		
4. Recognizes the	5.4 Cloud Computing in				
criteria, norms	Education				
and standards of	5.5 Role of ICT in				
online assessment	Educational				
5. Identifies Online	Administration and				
SurveyTools	Management				
6. Explains the role					
of ICTin					
educational					
Administration					
and Management.					
7. Recognizes the					
need for cloud					
computing in					
education					

Unit-V: ICT FOR EVALUATION AND MANAGEMENT

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any two)

- 1. Preparation of educational blogs with focus on the ability of the blogs to allow interaction.
- 2. Analysis of a computer based media package with reference to its use in learning process.
- 3. Analysis of the different instructional packages developed by different agencies/institutions.
- 4. Prepare a report on ICT initiatives of Government of India.

PRESCRIBED READINGS

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Course Code: MED2TC002 Tool Course

M.Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME Semester II ESSENTIALS IN EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

(4 credits - 120 hours)

*«***COURSE OBJECTIVES**

On Successful completion of the course teacher educand will be able to:

- 1. understand the different tools and techniques of educational research.
- 2. develop skill in the construction of research tool.
- 3. acquire knowledge about the role of descriptive statistics in research.
- 4. understand the role of inferential statistics in research.

Unit – 1: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF RESEARCH					
Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment		
Outcome		strategies and			
		Approaches			
 Identifies the different tools of research Selects appropriate tool for conducting research 	 1.1 Criteria for selection of tools 1.2 Tools of research 1.2.1 Questionnaire, Schedule,Checklist , Rating Scale, Attitude scale (Thurst one Method and Likert Method) 1.3 Techniques of research 1.3.1 Observation, Interview Sociometry Projective techniques 1.3.2 Achievement test, Aptitude test, Interest inventories, Personality 	 Lecture / briefing Seminar Assignment Peer learning Auto instruction Group discussion 	 Tests (written/oral) Seminar presentation Participation in group discussion Preparation of Inquiry forms 		

Unit - I: TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF RESEARCH

inventories

Unit - II: CONSTRUCTION OF RESEARCH TOOLS

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		strategies and	
		Approaches	
1. Identifies	2.1 Types of scales –	• Lecture /	• Tests
different types	i) Nominal	briefing	(written/oral)
of scales	ii) Ordinal	Digital	• Seminar
2. Identifies the	iii) Interval	presentation	presentation
steps in	iv) Ratio scales	Workshop	• Questioning
constructing a	2.2 Steps inconstructing a	Discussion	Construction
research tool	research tool	• Seminar	of research
3. Analyses the	2.3 Standardization of a		tool
characteristics	research tool		
of a research	2.4 Characteristics of a		
tool	research tool		
	2.4.1 validity :Types,		
	methods of		
	estimating		
	validity		
	2.4.2 reliability :		
	methods of		
	estimating		
	reliability		
	2.4.3 Objectivity		
	2.4.4 Sensitivity		
	2.4.5 Practicability		

	arning	Content		Suggested		Assessment
Ou	tcome			strategies and Approaches		
dif	entifies ferent	3.1 Significance of statistics in	•	Lecture / briefing Digital	•	Tests (written/oral)
typ 2. Ex cor cer ten dis 3. Ide relo me cer ten	bes of data plain the ncept of ntral idency and persion entifies the evant easures of ntral idency and persion	 statistics in educational research 3.2 Types of data : quantitative and qualitative 3.3 Descriptive statistics 3.4 Measures of central tendency 3.4.1 Arithmetic mean 3.4.2 Median 3.4.3 Mode 3.5 Measures of dispersion 3.5.1 Range 3.5.2 Quartile deviation 3.5.3 Standard deviation 3.6 Position values – quartile, deciles, percentile rank, derived scores, z- scores, t-scores, 	•	presentation Workshop Discussion Seminar	•	(written/orar) Seminar presentation Questioning Construction of research tool

Unit - III: INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICAL METHODS

Learning Outcome	Content	Strategies and Approaches	Assessment
 Selects appropriate correlation techniques to measure the strength of relationship between two variables. Predicts an unknown variable using regression analysis 	 4.1 Correlation 4.1.1 Product moment correlation 4.1.2 Rank correlation 4.1.3 Uses of biserial, point biserial, point biserial, partial, multiple, tetrachoric, pi coefficient of correlation (computation not required) 4.2 Coefficient of relative variation 4.3 Measurement of relationships – prediction (simple regression equation) 4.4 Normal distribution – characteristics and application. 	 Introductory lecture Visual presentation 	 Oral Test Problem sheets

Unit - IV: MEASURES OF RELATIONSHIP

Unit - V: INFERENTIAL STATISTICS

Learning Outcome	Content	Strategies and Approaches	Assessment
 Identifies the role of inferential statistics in measuring the possible impact of sampling error 	 5.1 Statistical inferences - 5.1.1 Population and sample 5.1.2 Parameter statistic 5.1.3 Sampling error 5.1.4 Standard error 5.1.5 Central limit theorem 5.1.6 Significance of mean 5.1.7 Degrees of freedom 	 Interactive session Hands on experience 	 Test (Oral/ Written) Observation

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any Two)

- 1. Collect any five types of research tool
- 2. Prepare a Likert type attitude scale
- 3. Prepare an employee data file from neighbouring institutions and find the difference between mean starting salary and mean current salary.
- 4. Prepare any research tool, validate it and establish the norms using percentile

PRESCRIBED READINGS

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Course Code:MED2TE001

Teacher Education Course

M. Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME

Semester - II

TEACHER EDUCATION IN INDIA: EMERGING SCENARIO

(4 credits - 120 hours)

K COURSE OBJECTIVES

On successful completion of the course the teacher educand will be able to:

- 1. acquire knowledge about the historical perspectives of teacher education in India.
- 2. familiarizes with different agencies in teacher education.
- 3. apply the solution on the issues and problems related to teacher education in India
- 4. evaluate the current strategies being followed for the professional development of teachers.
- 5. familiarize with the emerging trends in teacher education.
- 6. analyse the causes for changing roles and responsibilities of teachers in Indian society.

Unit- I: INTRODUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHER EDUCATION IN INDIA

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Defines the concept of teacher education. Differentiate teacher education and teacher training Explains the historical development of teacher education in India 	 1.1 TeacherEducation: Concept,objectives 1.2 Teacher education and teacher training 1.3 History and development of teacher education in pre and post independent India. 1.4 Recommendations of various committees and commissions on Teacher education 1.5Recommendations of NPE 2020 on Teacher education. 	 Lecture Discussion Visual presentation Assignment 	 Test (Oral/ Written) QA Session Report based ondiscussio n

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		Strategiesand	
		Approaches	
 Identifies various agencies in teacher education Explains the role of agencies in teacher education 	 2.1 Role of agencies in teacher education: i) University Grants Commission(UGC) ii) National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE) iii) Centre for Advanced Studies in Education (CASE) iv) Human Resource Development Centre(Academic staff college) v) State Council of Educational Research and Training (SCERT) vi) District Institute of Education Training (DIET) vii) University 	 Lecture /briefing Field survey QA session Group discussion Study of documents 	 Tests (oral /written) Evaluation of survey Evaluation of report

Unit – II: AGENCIES FOR MANAGING TEACHER EDUCATION

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		Strategiesand	
		Approaches	
1. Analyses the major	3.1 Admission to	 Discussion 	• Test(oral/
issues and	Students,Fee	• Lecture	written)
problems	structure and	• Seminar	Report
in the field of	duration of the	 Peer Learning 	writing
teacher education.	programme.	• Brain	
2. Suggests remedies	3.2.Organization of	storming	
to overcome the	practice teaching	 QA Session 	
issues and	and relationship		
challenges in	with co-operative		
teacher education.	schools.		
3. Find out the	3.3. Facilities in		
causes for	Teacher education		
privatization of	institutions.		
teacher education	3.4. Teachers for		
	Students with		
	diverse needs in		
	secondary schools.		
	3.5. Privatization of		
	Teacher Education		
	institutions.		

Unit-III: MAJOR ISSUES AND CHALLENGES IN TEACHER EDUCATION

Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
Outcome		Strategiesand	
		Approaches	
1. Defines the	4.1 Professional	Lecture cum	• Tests
concept of	development:concept,	discussion	• (oral &
professionalism	nature andscope.	Peer learning	• written)
and professional	4.2Organisation of	• Seminar with	• Report of the
development.	pre-service teacher	• visual	• seminar
2. Lists out and	education: need	presentation	Evaluation of
explains the	andrelevance.	• Assignment	 Assignment
various	4.3 Problems and issues		
programmes	inprofessional		
for professional	preparation of teachers.		
development of	4.4Factorsinfluencing		
teachers.	professional		
	development of		
	teachers.		
	4.5 Teaching as a		
	profession: Its legal		
	and officialstatus.		

Unit-IV: PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF TEACHER

Unit- V: NEW PARADIGMS AND QUALITY ASSURANCE IN TEACHER EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Compete with the new trends in teaching and learning process List out the criteria for NAAC assessment 	 5.1 New trends in teacher education: 5.1.1 paradigm shift in Teaching and learning,e-learning, mobile-learning. 5.1.2 Constructivism and inter disciplinary approach. 5.2 Quality assurance: NAAC and their criteria for quality assessment in higher education Institutions. 5.3 Criteria for quality assurance in the context of IQAC, 5.4 Academic Performance Indicator (API) 	 Lecture Debate Discussion Peer learning Visual Presentation Auto learning 	 Test (Oral/ written) QA session Report writing

SUGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any two):

- 1. Visit any teacher education agency/regulatory body and prepare a report on its functioning.
- 2. Construct a tool for evaluating performance of student-teachers undergoing practice teaching.
- 3. List out the professional organizations of secondary school teachers and assess the programme carried for professional enhancement.
- 4. Prepare a report of teacher education institution on the basis of quality criteria determined by the NAAC.

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Course Code: MED2LS005 Level Based Specialisation- 2

M.Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME

Semester-II

CURRICULAR PRACTICES IN EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE AND EDUCATION

(4 credits – 120 hours)

⊯ COURSE OBJECTIVES:

On successful completion of the course, the teacher educand will be able to

1. understand the need and ways of creating safe physical space in Early

Childhood Centers.

- 2. develop understanding about different curriculum approaches in ECCE.
- 3. develop skill in using different instructional strategies.
- 4. understand the significance of school readiness.
- 5. acquire skill in assessing children's competency.

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand	Assessment
		Approaches	
1. Familiarizes	1.1.Design of an ECCE	 Introductory 	Field level
thedesign of an	centre	• Lecture	observation and
ECCE centre.	1.1.1.Building plan,	 Group discussion 	reporting
2. Identifies	differentareas in	 Field visit 	• Assignment
the measures	an ECCE centre,	 Assignment 	 evaluation
for creating	Safety	 Development 	• Document
safe	precautions,	• of weekly /daily	 verification
environment for	1.1.2.Learning	• schedules	Assessing plans
children	environment-	 Seminar and 	Evaluation
3. Plans various	Indoor and	 discussion 	ofrecords
programmes for	outdoor.	• Co-operative	• Test(Oral/
children	1.1.3.Organizing	• learning	• Written)
4.Collects	different		
different types	corners/areas		
of record related	1.2.Planning		
to students	programmes for		
	children – principles		
	and factors of		
	programme		
	planning. (yearly,		
	monthly, weekly and		
	daily)		
	1.3.Need for maintaining		
	different kinds of		
	records -Child		
	related, teacher		
	related and material		
	related records in		
	ECCE settings		

Unit - I: ORGANIZING EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE AND EDUCATION PROGRAMME

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Realizes the	2.1 Early childhood	Seminars	• Test(Oral/
differentaspects	education curriculum	• Interactive	Written)
of ECCE	2.1.1.Principles of early	session	• Assignment
curriculum	learning	• Lecture	evaluation
2. Examines the	2.1.2.Factors to be	Discussion	Evaluation
characteristics	consideredin ECCE	• Assignment	ofthematic
of a balanced	curriculum	• Development	webs
ECCE	2.1.3.Curriculum	ofthematic	
Curriculum	content-Physical	webs	
3. Recognises	and motor		
different models	development,		
of ECCE	Language		
	development,		
	Cognitive		
	development,		
	Socio-Personal and		
	Emotional		
	development,		
	Sensorial		
	development,		
	Developmentof		
	Creative and		
	aesthetic		
	appreciation		
	2.2.ECCE curriculum models		
	2.2.1.Montessori		
	approach		
	2.2.2.Reggio Emilla		
	approach		
	2.2.3.High scope		
	approach		
	2.2.4.Thematic approach		

Unit - II: CURRICULUM IN EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Acquaints with the different techniques of teaching children Imbibes skill in teaching children Familiarizes the characteristics and types of play way approach 	 3.1.Strategies for TeachingChildren 3.1.1.Sensory training 3.1.2.Music and movement 3.1.3.Story telling 3.1.4.Dramatization 3.1.5. Puppetry 3.1.6.Significance of play way approach in the holistic development of children-play activities for developmental areas. 	 Field visit Preparation of sensory materials Application of electronic devises like smart phone, tablet & computer Lecture Observation of programs Seminar Discussion Demonstration Visual presentations Peer learning 	 Report writing Evaluation of learning materials Test(Oral/ Written) Assignment evaluation

Unit - III: METHODS OF ENGAGING WITH CHILDREN

Unit - IV: DEVELOPMENT OF SCHOOL READINESS

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Familiarises the concept of school readiness Acquaints with activities for school readiness 	 4.1.Developing school readiness 4.1.1.Concept and significance of school readiness 4.1.2.Components of schoolreadiness 4.1.3.Components and activities for a. Reading readiness b. Writing readiness c. Number readiness 4.2. Multiple intelligence based approach in developing school readiness of children 	 Lecture Observation of programs Demonstration Seminar Discussion 	 Test(Oral/ Written) Assignment evaluation Document verification

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Familiarizes	5.1.Assessing children's	Seminars	• Test(Oral/
the methodsof	progress	• Interactive	Written)
assessing	5.1.1.Characteristics of	session	• Assignment
children	evaluation of	• Lecture	evaluation
2. Imbibes skill in	children	 Discussion 	• Assessing
assessing	5.1.2. Guiding principles	• QA session	tools
preschool	on assessment	 Assignment 	
children	duringearly		
3. Recognise the	childhood.		
need for	5.1.3. Informal		
capacity	assessment		
building for	strategies – Parent		
teachers	rating, portfolio,		
	checklist, Activity		
	sample, cumulative		
	record,		
	observation,		
	assessment card		
	andreport card.		
	5.2. Evaluating ECCE		
	Programmes-		
	5.2.1.Quality standards		
	andspecifications		
	for ECCE-		
	Interaction		
	5.3. Capacity building of		
	early childhood		
	educators.		
	5.3.1. Pre-service and		
	in-service courses.		
	5.3.2. Teacher quality,		
	competence and skill		
	of an early childhood		
	educator.		

Unit - V: ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION IN ECCE

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any two)

- 1. Case study of an Anganwadi or pre-school center
- 2. Prepare a resource file on different types of traditional games for children
- 3. Develop a thematic web for integrated learning (language, Mathematics, and Environmental science), developing lesson plans and teaching materials
- 4. Prepare a list of activities for accelerating school readiness of pre-school children

PRESCRIBED READINGS:

- 1. Devadhas,&P.Rajammal. (1984). *A text book on child development*. New Delhi: MC Millan India Ltd.
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- 14. Swaminathan, Mina. (1995). *Playing to Learn, A training manual for Early Childhood Education*. M.S.Swaminathan Research Foundation.
- Swaminathan, M.S., & Daniel.P. (2004). *Play activities for child development; A Guide topre-school teachers*. New Delhi: National Book Trust.

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- 2. Banta, T. (1966). *Are these really a montessori method*? columbus, Ohio: Ohio Psychological Association and Ohio Psychiatric Association.
- 3. David, T. (1989). Teaching Young Children. New Delhi: Sage publications..
- 4. Essa, E. (1990). Introduction to early childhood education. New York: Delimar
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- 6. Gupta,Sen,P.(2009). *Early Childhood Care and Education*.NewDelhi.PHI Learning.

Course Code: MED2LS006 Level Based Specialization-2

M. Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME

Semester - II

CURRICULAR PRACTICES IN ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

(4 credits - 120 hours)

K COURSE OBJECTIVES

On successful completion of the course the teacher educand will be able to:

- 1. understand the positive impact of Elementary Education on Indian Primary Education.
- 2. understand the quality of education in Elementary level.
- 3. develop research insight for the elementary curriculum development.
- 4. gain insight into the importance of in-service teacher education at elementary level.
- 5. familiarizes the various modes of evaluation adopted in elementary level.
- 6. develop research attitude in teacher education programme

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Recognizes the principles and psychological basesof elementary school education.	 1.1.Principles of Elementary School Curriculum: Objectives, Planning andorganisation 1.2. Psychological basis of present elementarySchool Curriculum. 	 Lecture Discussion Visual presentation Assignment 	• Test (oral/writte n)
	1.3.Critical appraisal of present elementary School curriculum in the state.		

Unit- I: CURRICULUM IN ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Define pedagogical theory of elementary teacher education.	 2.1. Pedagogical theory: methodology of teaching school subjects 2.1 Practice teaching – competency based and commitment oriented teacher education. 2.3. Curriculum Framework of NCTE Regulations, Norms and standards (2014). 	 Discussion Lecture Seminar Visual Presentation 	 Test(oral/writt en) QA

Unit-II: ELEMENTARY TEACHER EDUCATION CURRICULUM AND TRANSACTION

Unit-III: EVALUATION IN ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1.Recognizes	3.1. Evaluation:	 Discussion 	• Test(oral/writt
the evaluation	Concept, Need and	• Lecture	en)
process in	Scope.	 Seminar 	• QA
elementary	3.2. Strategies of Evaluation:	• Visual	
education.	3.2.1.Formative Vs	Presentation	
	Summative		
	3.2.2.Criterion Vs		
	Normreferenced		
	3.2.3.Internal Vs		
	External		
	evaluation		
	3.2.4.Structured Vs		
	unstructured		
	Evaluation		

Unit-IV:STATUS AND PROFESSIONAL GROWTH OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategies and approaches	Assessment
1. Identifies and	4.1. Professional	• Lecture	• Assignment
chart out different	Organization of teachers:	 Discussion 	•Test (oral/
programmes for	Local, National and	• Seminar	written)
professional	Internationallevel	• Brain	• QA session
development.	4.2. Activities for	storming	
2. Explain the role	professional growth	Visual	
and functions of	4.3. In-service programmes	Presentation	
elementary teacher	for elementary school		
education	teachers: Objectives and		
	strategies		
	4.4 Organizations of		
	Elementary Teacher		
	Education - Role and		
	functions:		
	i)BRCS		
	ii) CRCS		
	iii) SIEMAT		
	iv) SCERT/DTERT		
	v) NCERT		
	vi) RIES		
	vii) NUEPA		
	viii)NCTE		
	ix) RCI		
	x) UNESCO		
	xi) UNICEF		

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
1. Select suitable area forresearch in elementary education.	 5.1. Trends of research inElementary educationincluding teacher education 5.2. Problems and issues inElementary Education 5.3.Transaction Mode: 5.3.Transaction Mode: 5.3.1.Lecturecum Discussion 5.3.2.Brainstorming, 5.3.3.Group discussion 5.3.4.Seminar presentations 5.4. Educational activitiesand programmes of Elementary Education in Tamil Nadu. 	 Debate Discussion 	 Assignment, Test (oral/ written) QA session

Unit- V:RESEARCH AND INNOVATION IN ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any Two)

- 1. Case study of a school or some innovative practice under SSA.
- 2. Assessment of curriculum of Elementary School Education.
- 3. Prepare a report on the conduct of any one of the in-service teacher training programme organized in the institutions.
- 4. Visit to any one of the elementary teacher educations institution and critically evaluate the facilities available in Elementary Education.

PRESCRIBED READING:

- 1. Alok, Kumar.(n.d.). *Elementary Education in India: Issues and challenges.* Uppalpublication House.
- 2. Arun C. Mehta (2006).*Elementary education in India: Progress towards UEE*", NUEPA, New Delhi.
- 3. Singh L.C.(1990). *Teacher Education in India, A resource book*, New Delhi, NCERT.

- 4. Sharma P.C. (1995). *Teacher Education and Teachers*, New Delhi: VikasPublicating House.
- 5. UNESCO (2004).Education for All quality imperative, EFA global Monitoring Report, Paris.

SUGGESTED READING:

- 1. Alo, Kumar. (n.d.). "*Elementary Education in India: Issues and challenges*". Uppalpublicating House.
- 2. Arun, C. Mehta. (2006).*Elementary education in India*: Progress towards UEE", NUEPA, New Delhi.
- 3. Singh L.C.(1990). *Teacher Education in India: A resource book*, New Delhi, NCERT.
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Course Code: MED2LS007

Level Based Specialization-2

M.Ed. DEGREE PROGRAMME Semester- II CURICULAR PRACTICES IN

SECONDARY ANDHIGHERSECONDARY EDUCATION

(4 credits - 120 hours)

*K***COURSE OBJECTIVES:** *K*

On successful completion of the course, the teacher educand will be able

to

- 1. acquaint knowledge about the curriculum planning and organisation at secondary education
- 2. understand the process of curriculum transaction at secondary level.
- 3. familiarize the instructional support system for pedagogic practices.
- 4. evaluate the pedagogical practices at secondary and higher secondary Level
- 5. understand the role and functions of commissions and policies for secondary education
- 6. develops skill in assessment and evaluation in secondary education

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Identifies the objectives, planning and evaluation of various subject of secondary level curriculum. Recognises the integrated and interdisciplinary learning experiences 	 1.1 Curriculum planning and organization at secondary education 1.2 Pedagogical content knowledge for different subjects. 1.2.1Objectives, Organization and evaluation of language, Mathematic, Environmental, studies,Natural science, Socialscience in curriculum in secondary education. 1.3.Designing integrated and interdisciplinary learning experiences 1.3.1.Sensitivity to gender parity 1.3.2.Peace oriented values 1.3.3.Health and hygiene 1.3.4.Work experience 1.4. Participation of functionary and beneficiaries in curriculum development 	 Lecture/briefing Group discussion Assignment Seminar Self Learning QA session Peer learning 	 Test(written oral/) Assignment Evaluation Observation ofclassroom behaviour

Unit- I: CURRICULUM PLANNING AND ORGANIZATION

Unit-II: CURRICULUM TRANSACTION AT SECONDARY LEVEL

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Explains the concept of curriculum transaction Identifies the essential requirements for curriculum transaction List out the curriculum transaction materials 	 2.1. Concept of curriculum transaction 2.2. Perspectives to curriculum transaction and synthesis 2.2.1. Behaviouristic 2.2.2. Cognitive 2.2.3. Constructivist 2.3. Essential requirements – Duration, Intake, Eligibility, Content, Qualification of staff, Infrastructure facilities 2.4 Curriculum Transaction Materials – Text books, Teachers hand book, Reference books, Supplementary reader, Encyclopedia, 	 Lecture/briefing Group discussion Assignment Seminar Self Learning QA session Peer learning 	 Test(written/ oral) Assignment evaluation

	Learning Outcome	Content		Suggested Strategiesand Approaches		Assessment
1.	Recognises the instructional support system and its importance Familiarise with different technological support system	 3.1 Instructional support system – need and importance 3.1.1. library 3.1.2.laboratory 3.1.3. seminar 3.1.4. cluster school system 3.1.5. communitysupport 3.1.6. Guest Talks 3.2. TechnologicalSupports 3.2.1. Technological resources 3.2.2. Web based support 3.2.3. Video Streaming 3.2.4. Online information exchange 3.2.5. e learning support- multimedia design 	• • • • • •	Lecture/briefing Group discussion Assignment Seminar Self Learning QA session Peer learning Debate	•	Test(written oral/) Assignment evaluation

Unit – III: INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT FOR PEDAGOGIC PRACTICES

	Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
	Outcome		Strategiesand	
			Approaches	
1.	Identifies the	4.1.National Curricular	• Lecture	• Test(written/
	role and function	Frame Work (2005)	through	oral)
	of policies for	4.2.National Knowledge	visual	• Assignment
	secondary and	Commission (Focused	presentation	evaluation
	higher secondary	discussion on major	Group	Observation
	education	recommendation with	discussion	ofclassroom
2.	Realizes the role	special reference to	• Assignment	behaviour
	and function of	Secondary Education)	• Seminar	• Seminar
	different	4.3.Centrally sponsed	QA session	 presentation
	schemes in	schemes for secondary	• Peer learning	
	secondary and	and higher secondary	• Self	
	higher	education	Learning	
	secondary	4.3.1. Rashtriya		
	education	MadhyamikShiksh		
		aAbhiyan		
		(RMSA)- 2009		
		4.3.2. ICT at		
		school scheme		
		4.4. GirlChild		
		Development		
		Programme		
		4.4.1.		
		KishoriShaktiYoj		
		ana (KSY)–		
		4.4.2. Nutrition		
		Programme for		
		Adolescent		
		Girls (NPAG)		
		4.4.3. Dhanal		
		akshmi Scheme		

Unit-IV: POLICIES AND ORGANISATION IN SECONDARY EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Analyses the meaning nature of evaluation and assessment in secondary education. Compare and contrast between different method in assessment and evaluation Identifies new trends in Evaluation. 	 5.1 Meaning, nature andfunctions of Evaluationand assessment 5.2 Use of tests and scales in curriculum evaluation 5.3 New trends in evaluation-grading, internal assessment, Semestersystem, CCE. 5.4 Portfolio of Learners Examination reforms atsecondary education level 5.5 Evaluation of various Schoolsubjects : diagnosis and remediation of difficulties in learning mathematics and science 	 Lecture/briefing Group discussion Assignment Seminar QA session Peer learning Self - learning 	 Test(written / oral) Assignment evaluation Seminar presentation

Unit-V: ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION IN SECONDARY EDUCATION

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES(Any Two)

- 1. Critically analyze the secondary school curriculum based on discipline.
- 2. Prepare an observation schedule and critical analysis of the curriculum transaction in secondary school level.
- 3. Analysis of secondary education curriculum of different Boards (NCERT, State, ICSE)
- 4. Conducting of a survey to assess the status of Implementation of ICT at School Scheme in Secondary schools.

PRESCRIBED READINGS

- 1. Janardan Prasad., & Vijay,KumariKaushik.(1997). *Advanced curriculum construction*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.
- 2. Vashist,S.R.(2004). *Historical development of curriculum*. New Delhi :Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kokila, Thangasamy. (1994). Curriculum designing and educational management. MaaNilaa
- 4. Mrunalini, T. (1997). *Curriculum development*. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Rao, V.K. (2005. *Principles of curriculum*. New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
- 6. Mohammad Sharif Khan.(2004). *School curriculum*. New Delhi: Ashish Publishing House.
- 7. Faunce, Roland. C., & Bossing Nelson L.(1967). *Developing the core curriculum*". NewDelhi : Prentice-Hall Of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Dewey John..(1956). *The child and the curriculum*.London : The University Of Chicago Press.
- 9. Arvinda, Chandra.(1977). *Curriculum development and evaluation in education*.NewDelhi : Sterling Publishers.
- 10. Venable Tom C.(1958). *Patterns in secondary school curriculum*. New York: Harper & Row.
- 11. Chandrakumar, P.S, Amalraj & Arockiasamy, S. (1972). *Teacher and curriculum, Teacherandsociert, Teacher and learner*. Palayamkottai : Pas Publications.
- 12. Patel.A.S., &Lulla, B.P. (1964). *Curriculum improvement in secondary education*. Baroda: Centre for Advanced Study in Education.
- 13. Sathiamoorthy, S, Simon, K.M, Krishna Prasad, B. (1992). *Education, curriculum and management*. Attoor : Academic Publishing House.
- 14. JanardanPrasad., & Vijay KumariKaushik. (1997). Advanced curriculum construction. New Delhi :Kanishka Publishers.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Charters, W. W. (1923). Curriculum construction. New York: Macmillan.
- Crook. (ed.) *The Transmission of knowledge in south Asia:* Essays on Education, Religion, History and Politics, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 98-118.
- 3. Dewey J. (1952). The school and the child, New York: The Macmillan.

- 4. Flinders, D. J., & Thornton, S. J. (Eds.). (2009). *The curriculum studies reader*. New York: Routledge.
- 5. Hlebowitsh, P. (2005). *Designing the school curriculum*. Boston: Allyn& Bacon.
- Jickling, B. (1988). *Paradigms in curriculum development:* Critical comments on the workof Tanner and Tanner, a tough nut: A rejoinder to Robin Barrow atnd to Daniel and LaurelTanner. Interchange, 19(2), 41–67.
- 7. NCERT (2000). National Curriculum Framework for School Education, NCERT
- NCERT (2005). *National Curriculum Framework-2005*, NCERT, New Delhi : Sri Aurob indoMarg.
- Null, J. W. (2008). *Curriculum development in historical perspective*. In M. F. Connelly (Ed.), The SAGE handbook of curriculum and instruction (pp. 478–490). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage
- Stiggins R. (2005). From formative assessment for learning: A path to Dewey, John (1966). The Child and the Curriculum. The University of Chicago Press.
- 11. Tanner, D., & Tanner, L. (1988). *The emergence of a paradigm in the curriculum field:* A reply to Jickling.

Course Code: MED2LS008Level Based Specialisation-2

M.Ed. Degree Programme

Semester- II

CURRICULAR PRACTICES IN HIGHER EDUCATION

(4 credits -120 hours)

« COURSE OBJECTIVES

On successful completion of course the teacher educand will be able to

- 1. understand the concept of curriculum in higher education.
- 2. evaluate the different approaches and methods of teaching in higher education
- 3. analyse the need for teacher preparation for college and university teaching and different programmes for teacher preparation
- 4. understand the concept of evaluation at higher education level.
- 5. familiarise the different techniques of evaluation at higher education level.

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategiesand Approaches	Assessment
 Explains the concept and functions, of Interdisciplinary studies Develops an insight into process of post- adolescent and adult learning Describes the characteristics of post-adolescent and adult learners. Analyses the objectives of higher education 	undergraduates and post graduate level. 1.2 General education- concept and functions Interdisciplinary studies	 Lecture Group discussion Seminar (visual presentation) 	 Tests (Oral/ Written) Report of Discussion Presentation

Unit- I: CURRICULUM OF HIGHER EDUCATION

	rning come	Content	Suggested Strategies and Approaches	Assessment
mode Instru- curri trans 2. Ident vario appro- meth strate teach highe	uction in culum action tifies the ous oaches, ods and egies of ing at	 2.1 Curriculum transaction: nature, medium of instruction, psychological basis of medium of instruction, language formula, Mother tongue versus English medium 2.2Approaches, methods and strategies of teaching: Lecture, Activity Based Learning, Active Learning Methods, Self-study, Seminar, Tutorials, Group discussion, Brainstorming, Demonstration, Assignment, Individualized instruction, Field trips, Problem Based Learning, Projects. 2.3 Internship programmes in professional courses. 	 Lecture cum discussion Seminar with visual presentation Group discussion Peer learning Assignment 	 Tests Report of discussion Observation Assignment

Unit-II: CURRICULUM TRANSACTION IN HIGHER EDUCATION

Unit-III: EVALUATION IN HIGHER EDUCATION

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategies and Approaches	Assessment
 Analyses the status of evaluation in higher education Explores the evaluationrefor ms in higher evaluation Identifies the evaluation of students and facultymember s 	 3.1 Status of evaluation in Higher Education: mechanics and processes 3.2 Evaluation reforms inHigher Education- Choice Based Credit System. 3.3 Evaluation of students and faculty members in Higher Education. Appraisal Performance Indicator (API) 3.4 Online Evaluation. 	 Peer learning Lecture cum discussion Seminar visual presentation Group discussion 	 Tests Report of seminar and discussion

Unit-IV: TEACHER PREPARATION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Learning Outcome	Content	Suggested Strategies and Approaches	Assessment
 Explains the need for professional development Examines the teaching, Research and extension inhigher education 	 4.1 Standards of teaching, Need for professional development, Existing programmes for teacher preparation and professionaldevelopment: their features 4.2 Teaching, research and extension in higher education 4.3 Professional growth of teachers –FIP and FDP 4.4 Professional association of teachers. 4.5 Human Resource Development Centre (HRDC) 	 Lecture cum discussion Seminar with visual presentation Group discussion 	 Tests (Oral/ Written) Report of seminar and discussion

Unit-V: INNOVATIVE PRACTICES IN HIGHER EDUCATION

	Learning	Content	Suggested	Assessment
	Outcome		Strategiesand	
1	A 1 .1		Approaches	
1.	5	5.1 Transition to the learner	• Lecture with	• Tests (Oral/
	Learner	centered Paradigm of	visual	Written)
	centered	Education, Intensive	presentation	• Report of
	Paradigm	use of Technology	• Seminar	seminar and
	ofEducation.	5.2 Kinds of Higher learning	with	discussion
2.	Classifies the	Institutions: Foundational	visual	
	kinds of higher	institutions, Career –	presentation	
	learning institutions	focused institutions,	Group	
3.	Explains	research – focused	discussion	
	curriculum and	institutions		
	pedagogy in higher	5.3 Higher education		
	education	architecture: Curriculum		
4.	Analyses the	and Pedagogy, Faculty,		
	infrastructure	Research, Partnership		
	facilities of higher	(Industry- academic		
	education	linkage and tie-up		
5.	Evaluates the	between higher		
	funding and	education institutions and		
	governance in	skill-based training		
	higher education	providers)		
		5.4 Infrastructure (Physical		
		and Digital)		
		5.5 Higher Educational		
		foundation: Funding and		
		Governance.		

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES (Any Two)

- 1. Prepare a report on different evaluation practices in higher education.
- 2. Visit any one NAAC Accredited with grade 'A' teacher education institutions and prepare a reflective report on administration, pedagogic practices and best practices.
- 3. Analyse the various innovative practices in higher education and prepare a report on it.
- 4. Prepare a report the suggested measures for Professional development of teachers.

PRESCRIBED READINGS

- Chauhan, S.S. (1989. Innovations in Teaching Learning Process. New Delhi:Vikas Publishing House (Pvt.) Ltd.
- 2. Gupta, O.P. (1993). *Higher Education in India since Independence:* UGC and its approach. New Delhi: Concept publishing company.
- Jayaram, N. (1987). *Higher Education and Status Peterson*. New Delhi: Mittal Publications.
- 4. Kaul, J.N. (1988). *Governance of Universities, Autonomy of the university community*. New Delhi: Abhinav Publications.
- 5. Pandey.V. (2006). *Higher Education a Globalising* World. New Delhi: IshaRamBooks.
- 6. Raza, M. and Malhotra, N. (1991). *Higher Education in India A Comprehensive Bibliography*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing House.
- Sharma, R.S. (1995). *Higher Education: Scope and development*. New Delhi: Common wealth publishers.
- 8. Singh, A. and Sharma, G.(1988). *Higher Education in India: The Socio Context*.NewDelhi: Konark publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Singh, A. and Sharma, G. (1989). *Higher Education in India: The Institutional Context*.New Delhi: Konark publishers Pvt Ltd.
- 10. Singh, A. (1985). *Redeeming Higher Education*. New Delhi: Ajanta Publications.

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- Chalam, K.S. (1991). Academic Staff development in Higher Education. New Delhi: K.P. BAGCH &Company.
- AgarwalPawan. (2009). Indian higher education: Envisioning the future. London: Sage Publications.
- 3. Kinaap, C. &Seigel, David. J. (2009). *The business of higher education*. California: ABC CLIO Press.
- 4. Kidwari, A.R. (2010). *Higher education: Issues and challenges*. New Delhi: Viva Book House.
- 5. Kolhatkar, M.R. (2012). *Survey of higher education* (1947-2007). New Delhi: Concept Publishers.
- 6. Mishra Loknath. (2013). Internalisation of higher education Access and quality. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- 7. Patil, V.T. (1999). *New dimensions and perspectives in higher education*. New York: Rowman Publishers.
- 8. RajakantaMohapatra. (2013). *Examination system in higher education of India*.New Delhi: SSDN Publishers.